Medallion Landscape offers a full service in house tree division which has over 40 years of combined experience. We have certified ISA Arborists on staff and we provide complete consultation and tree services related to diagnosis and evaluations, environmental impact reports associated with development and redevelopment, site evaluations and design. We provide tree trimming and restoration, removal, building clearance and more. Trees are your most valuable asset and require professional care as well as maintenance to protect them and enhance their value.

Improper pruning can create lasting damage or even shorten a tree's life, no branch should be removed without a reason. Common reasons for pruning can include removing dead branches, improving form, and building or safety clearance.

REASONS FOR PRUNING:

- Removal of dead, dying, diseased or weak branches and water sprouts.
- The selective removal of branches to increase light penetration, air movement and reduce weight.
- The removal of lower branches to provide clearance.
- Reduction of height spread of a tree.
- Pruning to improve the structure, form, and appearance of a tree that has been severely headed, vandalized, or storm damaged.

There are many reasons for pruning trees. We prune for safety, we prune for aesthetics and we prune trees to increase clearance.
Medallion Landscape
Tree Trimming and Pruning

REASONS TO PRUNE
Medallion Landscape will always keep your trees health in mind. Before any pruning, we will examine the crown of the tree and identify which branches need to be removed, no branch should be removed without a reason. Some reasons for pruning are to remove dead, broken or diseased limbs. Trees may also be pruned to increase light or to direct growth away from buildings. We may remove lower branches from a tree to provide clearance for buildings, vehicles and pedestrians. There is not one way to prune a tree and our arborists will ensure proper pruning techniques.

WHEN TO PRUNE
Most routine pruning to remove broken, diseased, or dead limbs can be done at any time during the year. For young trees to maintain good form and structure, pruning is maximized if it takes place before the spring growth flush.

PRUNING TECHNIQUES
Specific types of pruning techniques may be necessary to maintain a healthy, safe, and attractive tree.

Cleaning is the removal of dead, dying, diseased, broken and low hanging branches from the crown of a tree.

Thinning is selective branch removal to improve structure and increase light penetration and air. Thinning opens the foliage of a tree, reduces weight on heavy limbs and helps retain the tree’s natural shape.

Reduction reduces the size of a tree, often for utility line or building clearance. Reducing a tree’s height or spread is best accomplished by pruning back the leaders and branch terminals.